Sani-Pro® HFK Ultrafiltration Elements

Sanitary Ultrafiltration Spiral Elements with Stainless Steel Permeate Tube

**PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

| Membrane Chemistry: | HFK-131 and HFK-328: Proprietary polyethersulfone (PES) |
| Membrane Type: | HFK-131 with Molecular Weight Cutoff (MWCO) of 10,000 Daltons |
| | HFK-328 with Molecular Weight Cutoff (MWCO) of 5,000 Daltons |
| Construction: | Sanitary spiral wound with stainless steel permeate tube |

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Koch Part Number</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Feed Spacer mil (mm)</th>
<th>Active Membrane Area ft² (m²)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0705290</td>
<td>4333 K131-45-S</td>
<td>45 (1.1)</td>
<td>80 (7.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0705291</td>
<td>4333 K131-80-S</td>
<td>80 (2.0)</td>
<td>48 (4.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0705755</td>
<td>4333 K328-45-S</td>
<td>45 (1.1)</td>
<td>82 (7.6)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OPERATING AND DESIGN INFORMATION***

- Typical Operating Pressure: 30 - 120 psi (2.1 - 8.3 bar)
- Maximum Operating Pressure: 140 psi (9.7 bar)
- General Operating Temperature Range: 41 - 131°F (5 - 55°C)
- Cleaning Temperature Range: 105 - 122°F (40 - 50°C)
- Allowable pH - Continuous Operation: 2.5 - 10.0
- Allowable pH - Clean-In-Place (CIP): 1.8 - 11.0
- Design Pressure Drop Per Element: 45-mil spacer: 15-20 psi (1.0-1.4 bar) 80-mil spacer: 15-25 psi (1.0-1.7 bar)
- Design Pressure Drop Per Vessel (3 in series): 45-mil spacer: 45-60 psi (3.1-4.1 bar) 80-mil spacer: 45-75 psi (3.1-5.2 bar)
- Design Pressure Drop Per Vessel (4 in series): 45-mil spacer: 60-68 psi (4.1-4.7 bar)

*Consult KSS Process Technology Group for specific applications

**NOMINAL DIMENSIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>(mm)</td>
<td>inches</td>
<td>(mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4333 Elements</td>
<td>37.0</td>
<td>(940)</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>(109)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Dimensions are provided for reference only and should not be interpreted as accurate specifications.
Membrane Characteristics:
- The membrane used in these elements consists of a semipermeable polymer layer (PES or PVDF) on a polyester backing material.
- Pure water flux of these PES HFK membranes is 1.0-2.2 gfd/psi (24-53 l/m2/h/bar) at 77°F (25°C).

Options:
- Outer wrap: Controlled or trimmable (tailed)
- Feed Spacer: 30 mil, 45 mil or 80 mil

Operating Limits:
- **Operating Pressure**: Maximum operating pressure is 140 psi (9.7 bar).
- **Permeate Pressure**: Permeate pressure should not exceed baseline (concentrate) pressure at any time (including online, off-line and during transition). Reverse pressure will damage the membrane.
- **Differential Pressure**: The maximum differential pressure per element is listed on the front of this document, including design values for multi-element housings.
- **Temperature**: Maximum operating temperature is 131°F (55°C), maximum cleaning temperature is 122°F (50°C).
- **pH**: Allowable range for continuous operation is 2.5 to 10.0. Allowable pH range for cleaning is 1.8 to 11.0.

Water Quality for Cleaning & Diafiltration:
- **Turbidity and SDI**: Maximum feed turbidity is 1 NTU. Maximum feed SDI is 5.0 (15-minute test).
- **Guidelines**: Please refer to the KSS “Water Quality Guidelines for CIP and Diafiltration” for more detailed information.

Chlorine and Chemical Exposure:
- Adherence to cleaning and sanitizing procedures including chemical concentrations, pH, temperature, and exposure time is necessary to achieve maximum useful element life. Accurate records should be maintained.
- KSS standard cleaning procedures for dairy applications should be followed. Recommended chlorine exposure time at the defined conditions is 30 minutes per day.
- Residual chlorine concentration during cleaning cycle (CIP) should be 150 ppm @ pH 10.5 or higher. Chlorine concentration should never exceed 200 ppm.
- Chlorine should only be added to the cleaning solution after the pH has been adjusted to 10.5 or higher.
- Iron or other catalyzing metals in the presence of free chlorine or hydrogen peroxide will accelerate membrane degradation.
- Sanitizing should be done only after a complete cleaning cycle and with water of acceptable quality. Refer to cleaning instructions and feedwater quality technical bulletins.

Cationic (Positively Charged) Polymers and Surfactants:
HFK membranes may be irreversibly fouled if exposed to cationic (positively charged) polymers or surfactants. Exposure to these chemicals during operation or cleaning is not recommended and will void the warranty.

Lubricants:
For element installation, use only water or glycerin to lubricate seals. The use of petroleum or vegetable-based oils or solvents may damage the element and will void the warranty.

Supplemental Technical Bulletins:
- UF Element Cleaning Procedures
- Water Quality Guidelines for CIP and Diafiltration

Service and Ongoing Technical Support:
Koch Separation Solutions (KSS) has an experienced staff of professionals available to assist end-users and OEM’s for optimization of existing systems and support with the development of new applications. Along with the availability of supplemental technical bulletins, KSS also offers a complete line of KOCHKLEEN® membrane pretreatment, cleaning and maintenance chemicals.

KSS Capability
KSS is the leader in crossflow membrane technology, manufacturing reverse osmosis, nanofiltration, microfiltration, and ultrafiltration membranes and membrane systems. The industries we serve include food, dairy and beverage, semiconductors, automotive, water and wastewater, chemical and general manufacturing. KSS adds value by providing top quality membrane products and by sharing our experience in the design and supply of thousands of crossflow membrane systems worldwide.